

### ACT-R AS A USABILITY TOOL FOR BALLOT DESIGN



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#### **OVERVIEW**

- Problem Basics
- Simple Model
- The Sarasota Problem
- Modeling Sarasota
- A Tool for Ballot Design



#### ACT-R COMES OF AGE

- Depending on how you count, ACT-R is somewhere between 19 and 21 years old
- That means the 2012 Presidential election will be the first one in which ACT-R would be eligible to vote
  - Except in Chicago, where it's been voting under the name ACT\* for years



#### THE BACKSTORY: FLORIDA 2000





#### THE PROBLEM: FLORIDA 2000

## Confusion at Palm Beach County polls

Some Al Gore supporters may have mistakenly voted for Pat Buchanan because of the ballot's design.

Although the Democrats are listed second in the column on the left, they are the third hole on the ballot.

Punching the second hole casts a vote for the Reform party.

AL GORE - PRESIDENT 5 (SOCIALIST) JOE LIEBERMAN - WICE PRESIDENT 0 (SOCIALIST) ELECTORS (LIBERTARIAN) 0 O AVID MCREYNOLDS - PRESIDENT MARY CAL HOLLIS - WICE PRESIDENT					
(DEMOCRATIC) EZOLA FOSTER - vice mession   AL GORE - PRESIDENT 5>>   JOE LIEBERMAN - vice PRESIDENT (SOCIALIST)   ELECTORS (LIBERTARIAN)		GEORGE W. BUSH - PRESIDENT	3	0/	
LIBERTARIAN)			<b>F</b> -3 <b>-</b>		EZOLA FOSTER - WCE PRESIDENT
ELECTORS (LIBERTARIAN) MARY CAL HOLLIS - WCZ PRESID				0	
	ELECTORS FOR PRESIDENT	(LIBERTARIAN) HARRY BROWNE - PRESIDENT	7-		MARY CAL HOLLIS - wcz mesiober
AND VICE PRESIDENT ART OLIVIER - WCE PRESIDENT (CONSTITUTION) HOWARD PHILLIPS - PAGIDENT	AND		-	0	
(PDECR)	(A vote for the candidates will actually be a vote for their electors.)				J. CURTIS FRAZIER - NICE PRESIDENT
(Vota for Group) WINONA LADUKE - VICE PRESIDENT (WORKERS WORLD)	(Vota for Group)		-	0	(WORKERS WORLD) MONICA MOOREHEAD - PRESIDENT GLORIA LA RIVA - VICE PRESIDENT
(SOCIALIST WORKERS) GLORIA La RIVA vice mesioent		(SOCIALIST WORKERS) JAMES HARRIS - PRESIDENT MARGARET TROWE - VICE PRESIDENT	11-2		
					WRITE-IN CANDIDATE
(NATURAL LAW) To vote for a write-in candidate, follow the directions on the loss stab of your ballet card			12-2-	0	
NAT GOLDHABER, VICE PRESIDENT		JOHN HAGELIN - PRESIDENT NAT GOLDHABER - VICE PRESIDENT	13		Sun-Sentinel graphic



#### MAYBE VOTERS ARE THE PROBLEM?

# Florida is ready for 2004





#### OH, THOSE VOTERS...

"It's just so confusing! All of those lines, arrows and holes. I don't know who I voted for." τηοι FOR. Hole punching techniques A Reference for made simple. Just because you're dead Florida Residents doesn't mean you can't vote We'll show you how! ...and other dumb voters. By Bill Daley A second generation of voting manipulation.





#### OH, THOSE VOTERS...

#### DEMOCRATIC RECOMMENDATION FOR FLORIDA BALLOTS FOR THE ELDERLY:



GEORGE W. BUSH:	*
RALPH NADER:	•
PAT BUCHANAN:	٠
HARRY BROWNE:	



### STILL MORE "SOLUTIONS"

# **Revised Florida Presidential Ballot**

Directions: Using the provided crayon, please circle the picture of the person you want to vote for.

Please circle only one person.

A circle looks like O



Al Gore





George Bush



#### OR MAYBE NOT?



#### PUNCH CARD UI IN REAL LIFE





#### THE USABILITY PROBLEM

Despite demonstrable security vulnerabilities

- There is no evidence that the outcome of any election has ever been decided by computer hackers
- Not that there would be
- However, there is clear evidence that elections have been decided by usability failures
  - Florida 2000 is only one of many examples
  - Multiple "epic failures" have been documented
  - Personal favorite: Sarasota in 2006, which we'll get back to



#### MODELING VOTING

Not worried about the decision about who to vote for

- That's a Political Science problem
- A simpler problem:
  - How do people fill out the ballot?
- Turns out even for this simple problem, the strategy space is substantial:
  - Recall candidate name and search for that
  - Read list of candidates and rely on recognition
  - Use of parties
- It's almost certain that individual voters vary their strategies within a single ballot





#### SIMPLE MODEL

- This model
  - Semi-random visual scan of candidates/parties
  - Relies primarily on recognition of candidate names, but may also use parties
- Demo time!
- Interesting side note
  - Model and voting UI implemented originally in MCL, but now running that code under ClozureCL/Cocoa
  - Expect the release of a device for ClozureCL/Cocoa end of summer
    - Including libraries to enable running old MCL code



#### BASIC VOTING MODEL



#### THE SARASOTA PROBLEM

- 2006 Congressional Election
- At the time, the most expensive non-presidential election ever



OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT SARASOTA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOVEMBER 7, 2006

#### CONGRESS IONAL

UNITED STATES SENATOR (Vote for One)

Katherine Harris	REP
Bill Nelson	DEM
Floyd Ray Frazier	NPA
Belinda Noah	NPA
Brian Moore	NPA
Roy Tanner	NPA
Write-In	



#### U.S. REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS 13TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (Vote for One)

Vern Buchanan

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Christine Jennings

REP

DEM

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#### STATE

#### GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR (Vote for One)

Charlie Crist Jeff Kottkamp	REP
Jim Davis Daryl L. Jones	DEM
Max Linn Tom Macklin	REF
Richard Paul Dembinsky Dr. Joe Smith	NPA
John Wayne Smith James J. Kearney	NPA
Karl C.C. Behm Carol Castagnero	NPA
⊎rite-In	

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Public Count: 0

#### ERRORS IN SARASOTA

- Not the most subtle problem ever, but missed by election officials
- So, how many votes in Sarasota were really lost?
  - "Residual vote" rate was approximately 14%
  - 18,413 votes lost. Margin of victory was 369 votes!
- What are residual votes?
  - Any difference between the number of voters who show up in the polls and the total votes cast in a race
  - Long-standing "coin of the realm" in Political Science
- Problematic measure, yes, but strong indicator of a problem
  - Rate for absentee ballots and in other counties in district was more like 2.5%



### SO WHAT HAPPENED?

- The \$64million question: Why did voters miss it?
- Conducted an experiment that examined:
  - Highlighting of race headers
    - No effect!
  - Number of races on the first screen
    - Two races on first screen: 11% initial omission rate
    - Single race on first screen: 30% initial omission rate
  - Note that most subjects self-corrected
    - In the actual election, most probably didn't because of *intentional* ~200 ms lag in touchscreen response

But what's the mechanism?

#### MODELING SARASOTA

• Model uses experience with initial screen to set expectations:

- When it's time to go to the next screen
  - That is, after making one selection
- Where to look for things
  - Why start at the top if the top is just header stuff?
- Demo #2 (if time)



#### THE GENERAL PROBLEM

This was a useful exercise; however

- We won't significantly impact the problem with one-off post-hoc analyses
- Nor will 3,000 county clerks will ever become HF experts
- Need a tool that can automatically evaluate ballot layouts and identify potential problems
- Sounds like a job for a model!
- What would the model look like?



### BALLOT LAYOUT TOOL

- Need a way to make ballots visible to ACT-R
- Cover the strategy space
  - Cognitive strategies for candidate choice
  - Visual search strategies
  - Navigation strategies
- Cover the candidate choice space
  - Use polling to estimate proportions (don't have to be perfect)
- Develop expectations based on experience with the ballot
- Need substantial Monte Carlo simulation across that space
- Challenging but would be a big win
  - Many potential applications outside of voting, too



### QUESTIONS?



