First-trial priming effects in task-switching: A source-activation model

Erik M. Altmann Michigan State University

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Task switching

- One aspect of cognitive control
- Literature is dominated by switch cost
 - Performance penalty when the task switches from one trial to the next
 - Operating time for the switching homunculus (e.g., Monsell, 2003)
 - The tail wagging the dog must look beyond switch cost to more basic effects and processes (Altmann, 2003; Altmann & Gray, under review)



Basic phenomena

(see Altmann, 2002; Altmann & Gray, under review)





A source-activation account

| old task | prime | task cue | conflicting sources in focus | predicted rank |
|-------------|-------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| A | А | А | 0 | 1 |
| A | В | В | 1 | 3 |
| A | Ν | А | .5 | 2 |
| A | Ν | В | 1.5 | 4 |
| A | В | А | 1 | 3 |
| А | А | В | 1 | 3 |

Other mechanisms

- Conflicting sources increase interference
 - Formalized as the *interference level* (Altmann & Trafton, 2002)
- Causing the retrieval threshold to increase
 - Through *threshold adaptivity*, an architectural response to increased interference (Altmann, ACT-R 2000)
- Prolonging the cue-activation process
 - A time-consuming series of massed retrievals (Altmann & Gray, under review)

Conclusions

- An explanation of first-trial priming effects
 - Within a broader, memory-based model of cognitive control
- A somewhat involved explanation
 - But invokes no brand new mechanisms (all have other applications)
 - And it runs

References

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